UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA INDIANAPOLIS DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)
Plaintiff,)
v.) Cause No. 1:19-cv-01915
\$29,000.00 IN UNITED STATES CURRENCY,)
Defendant.)

COMPLAINT OF FORFEITURE IN REM

The United States of America, by counsel, Josh J. Minkler, United States Attorney for the Southern District of Indiana, and Eric P. Babbs, Special Assistant United States Attorney, alleges as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is a civil action seeking forfeiture of certain property pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 881(a)(6) because the Defendant Property constitutes proceeds of, or is property used to facilitate, a violation of the Controlled Substances Act.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 2. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1345 (district courts have original jurisdiction of all civil actions commenced by the United States) and § 1355 (district courts have original jurisdiction of any action for forfeiture).
- 3. This Court has *in rem* jurisdiction over the Defendant Property pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1355(b) (forfeiture action can be brought in a district in which any of the acts giving rise to the forfeiture occurred), and Rule G(3)(b)(i) of the Supplemental Rules for Admiralty or Maritime Claims and Asset Forfeiture Actions (clerk must issue a warrant to arrest property in

the government's possession).

4. This Court is the appropriate venue in this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1395(a) and (b), in that the forfeiture accrued in the Southern District of Indiana.

DEFENDANT

5. The Defendant is Twenty-Nine Thousand Dollars and No Cents ("\$29,000.00") in United States Currency (the "Defendant Currency"). The Defendant Currency was taken into custody of the United States Department of Homeland Security, Customs and Border Protection ("DHS-CBP"). The Defendant Currency has been assigned Asset Identification Number 18-CBP-000119.

FACTS

- 6. On October 10, 2017, officers with the Homeland Security Investigations
 Parcel/Bulk Cash Smuggling Interdiction Task Force, comprised of the Indiana State Police
 ("ISP"), the Indianapolis Metropolitan Police Department ("IMPD"), and the Department of
 Homeland Security, Homeland Security Investigations ("DHS-HSI"), conducted a parcel / bulk
 cash smuggling interdiction operation at a parcel shipping company hub in Indianapolis.
- 7. Parcel / bulk cash smuggling interdiction operations are conducted because it has become common practice for smugglers to use shipping companies, such as Federal Express, to transport illegal controlled substances and their proceeds. Shipping companies provide illegal controlled substances smugglers with many benefits such as faster delivery with predictable dates, package tracking, and delivery confirmation. Based on information and experience, task force officers can easily identify suspicious packages with indicators, such as newly-bought boxes from the shipping company and excessive tape at the seams of the packages. Suspicious packages are typically sent via priority overnight shipping that has been paid for with cash. To

preserve anonymity, smugglers often use falsified addresses, phone numbers, or names. Packages sent to known source states for illegal controlled substances (*e.g.*, Texas, Arizona, California) draw increased suspicion, as do those sent from individual to individual, from non-business sender to non-business receiver, and from residence to residence. Traffickers will often package in a layered manner in an attempt to avoid detection by trained narcotics detection canines. The layered packaging is usually an attempt to mask or prevent any odors from escaping the interior of the package. Traffickers rarely include any type of instruction with the proceeds. Legitimate business items or personal gifts typically contain such notes, letters, receipts, cards, or coupons along with the cash or monetary instruments.

- 8. On October 10, 2017, during the parcel / bulk cash smuggling interdiction, task force officers isolated a suspicious package bearing tracking number 7880 1758 2165 ("Parcel 2165" or the "Package"). The package was sent from D. Payne, 2501 67th Avenue S., Saint Petersburg, Florida 33712, TX#727-902-7473, to J. Black, 6194 Valley View Road, Oakland, CA 94611, TX#727-902-7473.
- 9. Task force officers selected Parcel 2165 for isolation because its appearance met several of the specific indicators of a package involved in bulk cash and controlled substance smuggling. Officers noted that Parcel 2165 was a large box that was newly purchased from the shipping company. The box had excessive packaging tape at its seams and was being sent via priority overnight shipping paid for with cash. The same phone number was listed for the sender and the receiver. Further, no signature was required for Parcel 2165 upon delivery. Parcel 2165 was being sent to California, a state known by law enforcement to be a source state for illegal controlled substances. The package was sent from an individual to an individual, a residence to a

residence, and a non-business sender to a non-business, receiver. In addition, only first initials were given for the sender and receiver.





- 10. A certified drug detection canine, handled by an Indianapolis Metropolitan Police Department ("IMPD") Officer, inspected Parcel 2165, along with other packages. The examination resulted in a positive indication for the presence of the odor of a controlled substance. The drug detection canine had been trained and certified in detection, by odor, of marijuana, cocaine, crack cocaine, heroin, MDMA, and methamphetamine.
- 11. The IMPD officer applied for a search warrant to inspect the interior of Parcel 2165 based on the suspicious appearance of the package and the canine's positive alert. On October 10, 2017, a Marion County Superior Court Judge granted the search warrant upon a finding of probable cause.

12. Task force officers then opened the package to find a hard bundle, tucked inside layers of pillow cases and surrounded by packing peanuts. Inside, there was a newly purchased box from the shipping company that had been heavily sealed with packaging tape and bubble wrapped. That box held yet another newly purchased box from the shipping company. Finally, inside of that box, there were crayons and a heat and vacuum-sealed bag containing rubber banded stacks of U.S. Currency. The stacks of United States Currency totaled \$29,000.00. As discussed above, multi-layered packaging methods are commonly used by smugglers in an attempt to mask the presence of the odor of a controlled substance. There was no document or correspondence indicating the purpose of the \$29,000.00 in currency.









- 13. After the package was opened, officers conducted an inspection of the currency using the drug detection canine. The canine again alerted for the presence of the odor of a controlled substance.
- 14. Believing there was probable cause to seize the currency for violations of federal and state controlled substance laws, the \$29,000.00 was seized and taken into custody by ISP.
- 15. Agents and analysts conducted background research on the information provided on Parcel 2165's shipping label. Based on information and belief, D. Payne is also known as David Tyler Payne. No information could be found regarding the identity of J. Black.

- 16. Based on information and belief, David Tyler Payne has several encounters with the law enforcement in Florida and Texas. In 2018, David Tyler Payne was found guilty of money laundering, a felony, in case number 4376 (46th Judicial District Court, Hardeman County, Texas). In 2016, he was found guilty of criminal driving while intoxicated, a misdemeanor, in case number A4824BE (Pinellas County Circuit Court, Florida). In 2015, he was found guilty of leaving the scene of an accident involving property damage, a misdemeanor, in case number A1FJ0JP (Pinellas County Circuit Court, Florida).
- 17. On February 27, 2018, the Marion Superior Court, Civil Division, issued its order transferring the Defendant Currency to the appropriate federal authority. *See* Marion County Superior Court, Civil Division, Docket 49D03-1711-MI-040927. On March 1, 2018, the Defendant Currency was transferred to DHS-HSI, which subsequently transferred the Defendant Currency to DHS-CBP.
- 18. DHS-CBP sent letters to D. Payne and J. Black on April 13, 2018, in order to address the matter, short of judicial forfeiture. DHS-CBP confirmed that both letters were delivered. To date, neither D. Payne nor J. Black has contacted DHS-CBP.
- 19. It is against Federal Express policy, as stated on its website, to ship cash via Federal Express. *See* FedEx Freight FXF 100 Series Rules Tariff, *available at* https://www.fedex.com/en-us/service-guide/terms/other-services.html.

PERTINENT STATUTES

- 20. Under 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1)-(2), it is unlawful for any person to manufacture, distribute, or dispense—or possess with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense—a controlled substance.
 - 21. Under 21 U.S.C. § 881(a)(6), all moneys furnished or intended to be furnished by

any person in exchange for a controlled substance, all proceeds traceable to such an exchange, and all moneys used or intended to be used to facilitate any violation of the Controlled Substances Act, including 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1), shall be subject to forfeiture to the United States, and no property right shall exist in them.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

22. Based on the factual allegations set forth above, the Defendant Currency is "moneys . . . furnished or intended to be furnished by any person in exchange for a controlled substance," and/or "proceeds traceable to such an exchange," and/or "moneys . . . used or intended to be used to facilitate any violation of [the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. § 801 et seq.]," and are therefore subject to forfeiture to the United States of America pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 881(a)(6).

WHEREFORE, the United States prays that the Clerk of the Court issue a warrant for the arrest of the Defendant Currency pursuant to Rule G(3)(b)(i) of the Supplemental Rules for Admiralty or Maritime Claims and Asset Forfeiture Actions; that due notice be given to all parties to appear and show cause why the forfeiture should not be decreed; that judgment be entered declaring the Defendant Currency forfeited to the United States for disposition according to law; and that the United States be granted all other just and proper relief.

Respectfully submitted,

JOSH J. MINKLER United States Attorney

By: <u>s/Eric P. Babbs</u>
Eric P. Babbs
Special Assistant United States Attorney
Office of the United States Attorney
10 W. Market St., Suite 2100
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-3048
Telephone: (317) 226-6333

VERIFICATION

I, Luther A. Selby, hereby verify and declare under penalty of perjury that I am a Special Agent for Homeland Security Investigations ("HSI"), that I have read the foregoing Verified Complaint in Rem and know the contents thereof, and that the matters contained in the Complaint are true to my own knowledge, except that those matters herein stated to be alleged on information and belief, and as to those matters I believe to be true.

The sources of my knowledge and information and the grounds of my belief are the official files and records of the United States, information supplied to me by other law enforcement offices, as well as my investigation of this case, together with others, as a Special Agent with HSI.

I hereby verify and declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated: 4/26/2019

Luther A. Selby Special Agent, HSI

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The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- **II. Jurisdiction.** The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

 United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; **NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)**

- **III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties.** This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- **IV. Nature of Suit.** Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerk(s) in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- **V. Origin.** Place an "X" in one of the six boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.** Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- **VII.** Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P. Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction. Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF INDIANA INDIANAPOLIS DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)
Plaintiff,)
v.) Cause No. 1:19-cv-01915
\$29,000.00 IN UNITED STATES CURRENCY,)
Defendant.)
WADDANT FOR ADDI	EST OF DEODEDTY

WARRANT FOR ARREST OF PROPERTY

TO: ANY OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE OF THE UNITED STATES

WHEREAS a Complaint for Forfeiture In Rem has been filed in this Court on the 13th day of May, 2019, by Josh J. Minkler, United States Attorney for the Southern District of Indiana, against twenty-nine thousand dollars in United States Currency ("\$29,000.00"), defendant herein, for reasons and causes set forth in the Complaint;

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED to take custody of and to deliver the defendant currency into the possession of the United States of America, to be detained in the possession of the United States or its designee until further order of this Court, and you will make return thereon not later than ten (10) days after execution of process.

Dated:	
	Laura A. Briggs, Clerk
	United States District Court
	Southern District of Indiana

Arrest Warrant to be issued by the Clerk pursuant to Rule G(3)(b)(i) of the Supplemental Rules for Admiralty or Maritime Claims and Asset Forfeiture Actions, for property in custody of the United States.